RAMP CONFIGURATION

Description
Access ramp design is one key way to manage a freeway network. Changes to ramp configuration can help manage traffic flows at key junctions in order to maximize operational performance. New ramps can be effectively implemented by braiding pairs of ramps using physical grade separation or even closing ramps at problem locations.

The issue can be approached by modifying configurations via ramp relocations and ramp reversals (a ramp reversal is a replacement of an entrance ramp with an exit ramp or vice versa), often for the purpose of reducing vehicle queues at critical locations. The “X” ramp design has become popular in Texas as the alternative to the traditional diamond because of the potential for economic development, operational, and safety benefits. Each of these improvements maximizes vehicular movement while minimizing cost.

Target Market
Reconfiguring entrance and exit ramps works well on freeways with significant development along the frontage roads.

How Will This Help?
- Increases direct access along the frontage road, enhancing economic development opportunities.
- Improves safety because of optimized traffic flows at key junctions.
- Reduces congestion caused by ramp queue spillback onto main freeway lanes.

Implementation Issues
Changes to ramp configuration require careful traffic analysis to determine if the changes will result in positive outcomes without unintended consequences. For Interstate facilities, this analysis means completion of a formal Interstate Access Justification study.

SUCCESS STORIES

Single Ramp:
IH 30 “Canyon” ramp reversal in Dallas—The eastbound Harwood exit ramp was converted to an entrance ramp in a problematic merging area. The project significantly reduced delay and had a 9:1 benefit-cost ratio.

Ramp Pair:
IH 20 at Cooper Street in Arlington—A reversal of the entrance and exit ramps enabled a 400,000 square foot expansion at the Parks Mall directly adjacent to the improved access and queue spillback on the freeway was eliminated.

“X” Ramp Corridor:
South Padre Island/SH 358 in Corpus Christi—Most ramps along the busy retail corridor were reversed, alleviating common queue spillbacks and frequent main lane congestion.

More Information: tti.tamu.edu/policy/how-to-fix-congestion

System Modification

COST

TIME
MODERATE

IMPACT

WHO
HURDLES
STATE/CITIES
NEW ACCESS

SUCCESS STORIES

Crashes Dropped
31%

Crashes Dropped
41%

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