1	TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
2	2030 COMMITTEE PUBLIC HEARING
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7	El Paso Public Library, Main Branch
8	501 North Oregon
9	El Paso, Texas 79901
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15	Held on August 7, 2008
16	Convened at 4:01 p.m.
17	Adjourned at 5:54 p.m.
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23	Reported by: Teresita Fonseca, CSR
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1 I'd like to welcome everybody MR. MARCUS: 2 to the second statewide hearing of the Texas 3 Transportation Commission's 2030 Committee. I'm David 4 Marcus, and I'm the vice chair of the committee. 04:01:46 5 I begin, I'd like to recognize some of the people who helped make today's hearing in El Paso possible. 6 7 like to recognize Carol Brey, director of the El Paso 8 Public Library, and her capable staff, for hosting this 9 hearing. Blanca Del Valle in the local TxDOT district 04:02:00 10 office for helping with logistics. Eduardo Miranda from the El Paso Greater Chamber of Commerce, and Ms. Tania 11 12 Norman, the manager of the research division, government 13 and public affairs division of the Texas Department of 14 Transportation in Austin, who keeps us moving forward. 04:02:20 15 Thank you, Tania. 16 It's also my great pleasure to welcome to 17 El Paso some of my fellow committee members who are 18 joining us today. And I'm going to mention their names, 19 and then I'm going to have them introduce themselves and 04:02:38 20 tell you just what they do. The first gentleman I'd like to mention is Mr. Tom Johnson from Austin. 21 22 only want to mention his name first because I think it's 23 important to point out to Mr. Johnson that there are 24 probably three times as many people here today as there 04:02:56 25 were in Austin two weeks ago, and I think it's

1 appropriate that we allow that as a warning because when 2 UT comes to El Paso on September 6 to play UTEP, there 3 might be an equally distant problem for you. 4 I'd also like to welcome Mr. Harry -- Gary Thomas from Dallas, Mr. Cullen Looney from Edinburg and 04:03:15 5 Mr. Drew Crutcher from Odessa. And I'd like for each of 6 7 them to introduce themselves. 8 Drew, would you like to start? 9 MR. CRUTCHER: Yeah. I'm Drew Crutcher from Odessa, Texas, a 04:03:25 10 civil engineer. I'm glad to be here and I'm happy to 11 12 see such a good crowd for us. Thank you. 13 MR. JOHNSON: I'm Tom Johnson, and I'm not from Austin, I just live there now. I'm from Ysleta, 14 04:03:42 15 Texas, and I'm proud to be here. 16 MR. THOMAS: My name is Gary Thomas. I'm president/executive director of Dallas Area Rapid 17 18 Transit, and it's good to see a crowd here today. 19 good to be in El Paso. I'm looking forward to hearing 04:03:57 20 your comments. 21 MR. LOONEY: I'm Cullen Looney. I'm from 22 Edinburg, Texas. I'm the other end of the Rio Grande 23 Valley down to the lower Rio Grande Valley, the other 24 end of the river, and I'm an attorney and businessman there. I'm the newest member on this committee and I 04:04:09 25

1 look forward to hearing from you-all today. Thank you.

2 MR. MARCUS: Thank you.

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Just three months ago, the five of us received an invitation from the chair of the Texas Transportation Commission to join eight other people from around the state to serve on an independent committee charged with issuing a report by December 2008 quantifying and describing the need for transportation and mobility investment in Texas over the next 20 years.

As part of the process, we have been given access to a needs assessment team, which includes Transportation Institute at Texas A&M University. team will look to us, the 2030 Committee, for guidance on the mobility and maintenance goals that we want to see measured as part of this process. That's what

is important for the El Paso region.

El Paso has enormous growth opportunities happening all around us. Fort Bliss is going to add the equivalent of a small city to its post in the next three years right in the heart of our city. There is a brand-new four-year medical school getting ready to open next year, and the city, the MPO and the RMA passed an ambitious billion dollar mobility plan scheduled to happen over the next 36 months. And if you walked in the front door of this library, you noticed that downtown redevelopment is happening all around us.

So this is what we want to know: How do you see all these people, freight trains and cars moving in 2030? What do you think we need to do now to make sure we're ready for the future? We have invited the dealership from the local entities to give us invited testimony and then we're going to open the floor to anyone else who would like to speak from the community. If you would like to speak today and you haven't yet done so, make sure you've signed up in the back of the room so we can tell who is going to speak.

If you have specific questions for one of us, feel free to ask us; otherwise, we're just going to listen to you. Please note that -- that being here today will make a difference. Your remarks will be made

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part of the record and we will be considering all of
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           them when preparing our final report in December.
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           you're speaking today, there are time keepers who will
           be holding up cards, letting you know when your time is
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           running out.
                         Thank you for taking the time to attend
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                   It's certainly important to the future of our
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           local community and to the mobility of our entire state.
           Before we begin with the invited testimony, I'd like to
           recognize State Senator Eliot Shapleigh.
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                                      Senator, do you want to use
                         MR. MARCUS:
      12
           the mike?
      13
                         SENATOR SHAPLEIGH: I don't think I need
      14
           one. Do you think I do?
04:07:40 15
                         MR. MARCUS:
                                      No.
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                         SENATOR SHAPLEIGH: I would like to thank
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           you-all for coming to our great community. Mr. Johnson,
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           as you well know, once an Indian, always an Indian, and
           welcome back home.
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04:07:47 20
                         I'm reading from your handout what the
           mission of your committee is, and as it states here:
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           Oversees an independent assessment of Texas mobility and
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           maintenance needs to the year 2030.
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                         MR. MARCUS: Senator, could I interrupt
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           you?
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1 Yes, sir. SENATOR SHAPLEIGH: 2 MR. MARCUS: This is on the record and if 3 you don't speak in the mike, it won't be transcribed, so 4 if you would go to one of the mikes --04:08:08 5 SENATOR SHAPLEIGH: Okay. I'll be glad to do it. 6 7 MR. MARCUS: Thank you. SENATOR SHAPLEIGH: Your mission is to 8 9 assess mobility needs in the State of Texas to 2030, but I'd like to ask you to do one other thing, and that is 04:08:24 10 advocate for the revenues to pay for those mobility 11 12 needs. That right there is the MPO list of projects in 13 El Paso, Texas color coded with perhaps the best MPO organization in the state. We've looked at what our 14 04:08:42 15 needs are, we've color coded them by project, we've put 16 it on a spreadsheet and we've taken it out to the year 2030. 17 In the last 60 days, this has become the 18 center of innovation in Texas. We announced a 19 04:08:59 20 \$1 billion transportation mobility project. We're the first to use pass-through tolls, the first to use the 21 2.2 TRS law that was created in the last session, so you're 23 seeing a community way out front taking care of its own needs. If you take the 25 MPOs from around the state 24 and take their needs and chart them, which is your 04:09:17 25

mission, and measure them against current revenue streams, TxDOT will tell you we're \$86 billion short of meeting the mobility needs of this state by the year 2030. The low side is the state auditor's number who will tell you we're \$66 billion short of meeting the mobility needs of this state in the year 2030.

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When you look at the fact that this state will double in population by the year 2040, basic infrastructure is emerging, I believe, as the number one issue in the next session. What do we need and how are we going to pay for it? TxDOT is preparing right now at our request, we asked them on that stage in March to look at the 25 MPOs through a spreadsheet in the year 2030 and document by priority what the transportation needs were of the State of Texas, and on the other side come back with the 11 known ways to pay for highways.

If you look at the world, you look at how highways are being paid for today from Israel to the middle of Manhattan, there's about 11 ways you can raise revenues to pay for highways, and we want the legislature to know exactly the options that are on the table. But to leave your work and say, These are the needs, and not come forward and say, We need to push for the revenues as a political matter, is going to leave us short. Whether it's 60 billion or 86 billion, we'll see

after you've turned in your report.

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forward. One is the Texas CDA Model. As you know, that's been a point of contention at TxDOT and around the state in terms of funding highways. They became particularly true in the north Dallas area with your projects over the last year. In my view, the state needs to be aggressively involved in putting our pension funds into the revenue streams of paying for highways. If there is indeed a 15-percent return on investment, then let's let the teachers of the State of Texas and the universities participate in that as a prudent investment. And I would like to see this committee get out front on that issue because that legislation's being prepared, as we speak, down in Austin.

The next thing I'd like to mention is mass transit. I just came back from a trip abroad where gasoline is \$12 a gallon. We're rapidly moving to a bimode, bimile, bitransportation mobility concept.

Today we subsidize highways to the extent of 91 percent, that mode of transportation. Recently, I asked a rail executive, What if we did a lease option with you? We would put in the money you need to double stack and double track, and you gave us time on your rail to move things through metropolitan areas in the State of Texas.

1	These are the kinds of innovations we're
2	going to need to look at, particularly in places like
3	Houston and Dallas as we move forward because our
4	constituencies are going to be asking for much cheaper
04:12:35 5	modes of transportation. I know you've got a lot of
6	work to do. I look forward to reading your report, but
7	please don't end with the report, come to the
8	legislature in January and ask for results. I
9	appreciate your time.
04:12:48 10	MR. MARCUS: Thank you, Senator.
11	I'd like to introduce the first person in
12	our agenda, Mayor Cook.
13	You want to speak from up here?
14	MAYOR COOK: I'll use the podium up there
04:13:12 15	if that's okay.
16	MR. MARCUS: Absolutely.
17	MAYOR COOK: And I don't know if you-all
18	can see this screen here. You might want to turn your
19	chairs around so it's a little more convenient for you.
04:13:21 20	But what my job is today first of all,
21	bienvenidos a El Paso, welcome to El Paso. And I want
22	to try to give you sort of a lay of the land on what we
23	see as being our transportation challenges and the
24	solutions we came up with.
04:13:35 25	And next slide, please.

1 On this one, here's some of the impacts 2 that we have. First is a population based upon base 3 realignment and closure. As you may have heard or read 4 in the paper, El Paso and Fort Bliss really benefitted from BRAC. And the numbers that are really important 04:13:52 5 for you to look at here are these bottom line numbers 6 7 right here, a total of 30,000 new folks coming in that 8 we have in 2035, and that number is going to jump to up 9 to 77,494 by 2011. What that -- the yellow box down 04:14:13 10 here tells you what the impact is for mobility, and that's that there's going to be an approximately 11 additional 30,000 vehicles on the road by 2011 and we 12 have to be able to address that. 13

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The next slide actually talks about the El Paso regional statistics and population. The important numbers here, if you look at 1997, 1.7 million folks that we have when you combine the El Paso metropolitan area, Juarez and El Paso. Put them all together, 1.7 million people. Jump over to 2035 and what do you got? You have double the population to 3.5 million people, so -- and that's going to be something that we're going to have to deal with both internationally and -- and as the State of Texas and the region.

In the next slide, you can see some of the

1 challenges that we have. If you -- this is a Google 2 view of the El Paso region. I cut off all of the -- the 3 east El Paso, not on purpose, but just to show you what 4 some of our big challenges are. The first one is this. That's called the Franklin Mountains, and it separates 5 04:15:21 the west side of El Paso from the northeast and central 6 7 portions. You also have what's known as Juarez, Mexico, 8 which is all this down here, and so we have those 9 international governmental challenges that we have. And 04:15:41 10 then you also have the challenge that we're -- all of this Interstate 10 runs right along here and it's 11 12 squeezed between the mountain, New Mexico and the Rio 13 Grande River, which comes around here. So those are 14 some of our biggest challenges, and then you have Fort 04:16:01 15 Bliss property over here, takes up all of this and 16 becomes another barrier that you have to figure out how 17 you're going to get around it. And the next slide talks about our 18 19 infrastructure and transportation needs. Probably the 04:16:16 20 foremost of those is the completion of our loop. 21 is a loop which would go around the City of El Paso. 22 Right now all you have is Interstate 10, and if anything 23 happens to Interstate 10, mobility stops, stops in its 24 tracks, whether that's a tractor-trailer turning over or

an accident on the freeway or the -- like in 2006 when

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our highway system flooded and there was no way to get around it, so that's probably one of our greatest priorities right now. We have to have those alternate routes.

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We also want to complete a northeast parkway, which would come off of that loop and go through Highway 404 in New Mexico, and that's one of the mobility plans that the Senator was talking about that we've already addressed. So we need to complete this portion of the border highway. There's already a lot of work been done here. Transmountain, the road was built for the mountains back in the early '70s, so we've got parts of this, but we haven't completed the picture, and that's -- one of our biggest challenges right now is to complete that picture.

14 04:17:22 15 complete that picture. 16 But we also need to look at intermodal 17 opportunities and increasing transit routes. One of the 18 first transit routes that we're going to take care of is 19 right here where you see Ciudad Juarez, Mexico. We have 04:17:36 20 about 6,000 students a day that come across the bridge to go to the University of Texas at El Paso, which is 21 22 right about here, so one of the first projects that 23 we're going to do is -- on our bus rapid transit system 24 is to set up a route that goes right here from the 04:17:52 25 international bridge up to the University of Texas at

El Paso.

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Theoretically, that will get rid of up to 6 million cars that are sitting on the bridge idling and help us to reduce congestion and mitigate pollution on our international bridges. Eventually, what we're going to do is to take that system, and we're doing the feasibility studies right now, so we're going to run that up to -- almost up to Sunland Park, New Mexico to Doniphan Drive. And we've already set that as being a number one priority for mass transit. The first seven busses have already been ordered. We're waiting for them to be delivered right now, so -- we also -- part of our plan is to integrate all modes of transportation, whether that's going to be pedestrian traffic or bus traffic, light-rail, whatever the component is, we're going to bite those and take them on.

We're also looking at transit rail feasibility studies. I was mentioning to some of you earlier that the black bridge, which goes between El Paso and Juarez, which brings back all the -- all the goods that were not used in the manufacturing process in the maquilas, comes back over that bridge. Ferromex is going to be moving that bridge out of downtown Juarez and that will give us the opportunity for light-rail.

We can go to the next slide.

1 The El Paso regional statistics 2 international commerce, there's some really important 3 things on this slide, but let me jump to two of the most 4 important. Right down here at the bottom of your screen you see the exports to Mexico is \$20.7 billion. 5 04:19:27 17 percent of all the national trade with Mexico. 6 7 if you look at the other side over here, \$30 billion of 8 imports from Mexico. That's 18.32. You put those two 9 numbers together, \$50 billion worth of trade in this cargo, and it's a significant portion of the U.S. 04:19:50 10 economy. Up here it'll tell you it's 60 percent of the 11 12 entire U.S. economy. So what happens in this region 13 impacts not only El Paso, but the State of Texas and the United States. 14 Next slide. 04:20:04 15 16 El Paso's infrastructure and transportation 17 needs, this talks about existing and proposed ports of 18 entry. In order to have that \$50 billion worth of 19 trade, we have some existing and new ports of entry. Wе 04:20:20 20 have rail freight relocations, as I mentioned, to get them out of the inner cities, and we're -- we have -- we 21 22 already issued a contract for a \$1 million study to

And let's jump right to the next slide.

where we're going to put that next port and there's some

proposed places for it up here.

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El Paso's use of TxDOT tools, which the 1 2 Senator mentioned, we're going to use every tool in the 3 toolbox. We're going to use tollways, we're going to 4 use transportation reinvestment zones. As a matter of fact, we will be the first city in the State of Texas to 5 04:20:49 use the TRZ, which was put into the toolbox. 6 We've also 7 used the pass-through tolling, which down here on the 8 bottom it tells you Spur 601, \$134 million project that 9 our RMA has spearheaded to make sure we get it off. It's under construction right now, and it's probably the 04:21:08 10 biggest use of that particular tool in the toolbox. 11 12 And I know I'm running out of time, so 13 we'll try to move to the next slide real quickly. 14 rapid transit system, the BRT or rapid transit system, as I mentioned, we've already bought the first of our 04:21:25 15 16 busses. And I mentioned what those corridors are going to be, but in the future what I'd like to see is some 17 18 kind of a light-rail system to move almost 10,000 people 19 a day that walk across our bridges and have them pretend 04:21:39 20 that they're in the 21st century and ride across the bridge instead of walking. 21 22 If we can jump to the next slide. 23 We also want to have intelligent 24 transportation system. We want to invest more into

technology. We already do that for traffic monitoring,

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and we want to make sure that we use rail and we invest
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           in -- all of our plans now will use multimodal
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           transportation mobility. We'll look at pedestrian
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           transportation, bicycle transportation and mass transit,
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           along with automobiles. We're not going to leave any of
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           those.
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                         And also, I did appoint Senator Shapleigh
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           to a committee that's looking at rail relocation, and I
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           think he should have his report ready for us in a couple
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           of weeks. We're excited about what's happening for
           mobility in El Paso, and we're excited that you-all have
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      12
           been asked to look at what the various needs are, and I
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           hope you remember El Paso's needs and pass that on to
           the commissioners.
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                         Thank you very much and God bless all of
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           you.
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                         MR. MARCUS: I've got to move this way down
      18
           here.
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                         Mr. Richard Dayoub, president and CEO of
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           the Greater El Paso Chamber of Commerce. Richard?
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           There you are.
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                         MR. DAYOUB:
                                      Thank you.
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                         MR. MARCUS:
                                      Is that mike on?
                                                         It's
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           working.
                     Now it's on.
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                         MR. DAYOUB: If it's okay with you, I'll
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1 just present from up here, David. 2 MR. MARCUS: Sure. That's fine. 3 MR. DAYOUB: I want to thank the members of 4 the 2030 Committee for this opportunity to speak before you this afternoon and for making El Paso one of the 5 04:23:19 stops in your tour across the State of Texas. 6 7 today, at this point, I'm glad to know that we surpassed 8 Austin with the turnout for our committee on this very, 9 very important issue. As I was sitting here listening to Senator Shapleigh and Mayor Cook deliver their 04:23:38 10 remarks, I was feverishly editing my remarks so that I 11 12 would try to avoid some duplication of effort, so I -- I 13 will just cut to the chase. 14 There is no PowerPoint presentation, just 04:23:52 15 my notes to you. Again, we think this is one of the more important things that you are doing as an 16 17 organization. We applaud you and TxDOT for taking the 18 necessary steps. For the record, I'm Richard Dayoub, 19 president and CEO of the Greater El Paso Chamber of 04:24:11 20 Commerce. Transportation is a key component to economic 21 development and growth for the El Paso community, the State of Texas and our nation. 22 23 Yet, in the United States, traffic

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gallons of fuel are estimated to be wasted annually due to congestion. In 2005, carbon dioxide levels were 27 percent higher than ever recorded. In ten years, there'll be 20 percent more cars on our roads, only adding to the severity of our situation.

As a nation, as a state, Texas has to improve our roadways and the manner in which we fund the building of these roadways. From 1997 to 2002, spending under capacity increased 41 percent, while maintenance and services increased only 24 percent. We're seeing the results across the country, bridges that are collapsing and infrastructure across America that really, in some cases, it narrowly misses being compared to some third world countries.

This problem only increases as the federal government no longer has the revenues to consider and to take care of its obligations. Federal gas tax has not been raised in 14 years, and the cost of materials in construction have only skyrocketed. The gas tax is still the dominant source for federal transportation funding. And as we all know, Texas happens to be a donor state, not a very good thing voting for, but is also the fastest-growing state populationwise in America.

In the last two years, the federal

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1 government has rescinded nearly \$8 billion in 2 transportation money from the 50 states. Just over half 3 of Americans report that transit transportation is 4 available to them. 54 of the top 100 metros have no rail service and have low bus volumes per capita. 5 04:26:15 the largest metros, only one in nine of them do 6 7 25 percent or more workers commute by transit. And by 8 the way, I might echo that Texas reflects that same --9 as a mirror across the country. We simply are not doing a good enough job in Texas in promoting mass transit and 04:26:36 10 in making dollars available for mass transit. 11 12 In addition, CO2 accounts for 84 percent of 13 our greenhouse gas emissions and is steadily increasing. According to the Brookings Institute, in 205, 14 transportation accounted for one-third of all CO2 04:26:54 15 16 emissions. I don't know how much time you have to spend in El Paso, but if David has not shown you yet, 17 18 hopefully he will, what's going on in our international 19 bridges with those trucks lined up, backed up for seven 04:27:12 20 hours a day to cross over here and bring goods and service to market. 21 22 And the challenge with that is not only 23 that it's going to increase the cost of goods because it 24 takes longer to get them over, it's estimated that each

semi spends approximately four to six hours on the

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bridge on any given day. But even if we get to the optimum number of two to three hours of wait, that's about \$100 an hour per truck. That's the cost for each manufacturer that has their truck sitting on the bridges. Somewhere down the road, we as consumers in America pay that price through the cost of goods that are increased as a result of that.

And of course, the air quality, you only have to ask some of the border patrol agents who are monitoring the bridges, and the customs agents, what it's like for them and how frequently they have to take breaks to simply breathe fresh air for a little while before they go back on the firing line, if you will.

U.S. consumers drive more and consume more oil per capita than any other nation, and result in transportation being the second largest expense for most American households. 19 percent.

Is that five minutes? Thank you.

For every dollar a working family saves by moving further out from their metro area, they spend 77 cents more on transportation. Once a commute has surpassed 12 to 15 miles, the increase in transportation costs usually outweighs the savings on housing. The federal government cannot, and I want to underscore this, abdicate the responsibility they have for road

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construction and repairs for the states. Building and maintaining our transportation infrastructure to meet our current needs and the increasing demands of the future is a national issue, and it's going to affect our national economy as it already is. The degradation of our national infrastructure system is pervasive and approaching dangerous levels and will require a firm commitment from the federal government to mitigate those challenges.

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The government continues to rely on the states to fund the transportation needs, and in Texas, the financial burden outweighs our financial means.

12 13 gas taxes, one of many state revenue sources that does 14 not grow with the economy. The State of Texas can no 04:29:30 15 longer financially maintain the roads that are currently 16 part of this transportation system, let alone construct 17 new roads. 18 I'm skipping through a lot of this for 19 time. You have our testimony in writing and it goes 04:29:44 20 into greater detail. A manner in which to alleviate some of the financial burden is to decrease our -- our 21 22 -- excuse me -- stop the siphon of monies from the state 2.3 highway fund 6 to nontransportation efforts and direct 24 100 percent to transportation sources. Toll roads 04:30:02 25 alone, and they are important, simply cannot be the

future of Texas transportation.

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If we find ourselves in that situation, as more people begin to look at mass transit alternatives and light-rail to get to and from work, those toll roads will of course not generate the revenues necessary if we become too dependent on them. The United States has experienced a 13-percent increase in trailer trucks. I talked about our bridges a little while ago. Since 2001, trucks are projected to carry 82 percent of new freight by the year 2020.

Congestion in and around the freight terminals is a major problem for short-haul traffic as international bridges have seen the largest increases. There is no better example of freight congestion than in our El Paso region. The area encompasses an estimated population in the entire region, over 2-and-a-half million. And in addition, El Paso is the largest metro area on the U.S./Mexican border, and the region constitutes the largest binational metropolitan area in the western hemisphere. There's \$152 billion in land trade with Mexico. Texas surpassed other states by far. In over all inspections of people, El Paso surpasses all ports of entry in Texas. These companies that work here on the border, the maquiladoras, all the manufacturers, these companies import equipment and machinery all over

the United States.

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Our state and our region must focus on ingress and egress of international bridges as they relate to our roads. We need to do a better job with dealing with the freight trucks and the increase in pedestrian traffic. We need immediate access to public transit at the bridges.

Because of the time constraints, I will forego any further comments that appear in my written testimony. I would like to, again, thank you for taking the time to address this critical issue. And I would like to underscore what Senator Shapleigh said: What you're doing is critical, but it's even more important that you come forward during the next legislative session and offer some recommended solutions. Thank you for your time.

MR. MARCUS: Thank you, Mr. Dayoub. And I assure you your -- the complete written comments will be part of the record as well.

Mr. Jay Kleberg, chairman of the Borderland Mobility Coalition.

MR. KLEBERG: As you receive -- will receive more testimony and information today than you probably know what to deal with, I will be concise. I first want to thank the committee for being in El Paso

today, and thank the vice chair, David Marcus, for 1 2 bringing the group to El Paso. As the committee 3 permits, I would like to provide some comments and then 4 answer any questions that you may have. The common theme of my statement is public/private partnerships are 04:33:01 5 critical to the future of transportation in this region, 6 7 so if you forget what I say between now and the time 8 that you speak with the commission, please remember that 9 one thing.

> Coalition was formed by a group of El Paso business and civic leaders, themselves pioneers and leaders in U.S./Mexico business and trade with the sole purpose of supporting, facilitating and promoting multimodal mobility solutions in the El Paso, Juarez, southern New Mexico region. In short, it is the view of the BMC that mobility infrastructure equates to economic develop, quality of life, and ultimately, sustainable global competitiveness.

region 30 years from now as you fly into the El Paso International Airport and look out the window of the aircraft. From that window, you will see the most advanced, binational, tri-state mobility infrastructure system in North America, financed and built with

04:33:21 10 Simply stated, the Borderland Mobility 11 12 13 14 04:33:39 15 16 17 18 19 04:33:58 20 I ask the committee to think about our 21 22 23

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creative public/private ventures. While vision is needed, we all know that the practicalities of details are necessary. How do we, as a region and state, make this a reality during a time of less money and funding from both federal and state governments? First, we accept that there will be less public money and view this not as an obstacle, but as an opportunity. We must be smarter and faster.

Our first step was last week. Our region embraced the \$1 billion plan developed for our community under the dealership of our transportation commissioner, Ted Houghton, supported by our local metropolitan planning organization, our regional mobility authority, the City of El Paso and other elected officials. But our region must do more than just embrace this plan. As a whole, we must ensure that these plans do not lay idle. We must see them through to implementation.

This announcement is the opportunity of a lifetime for our community and our region. We all must be accountable to realize the full potential of this opportunity. The mobility infrastructure we receive 30 years from today has a completed outer loop, congruent connectivity between our region's international ports of entry, numerous international transportation corridors and additional international

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bridges.

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Technology is used to ensure secure origin of point-to-point freight shuttles for just-in-time delivery of manufactured goods and components.

Alternative fuels such as solar and wind-powered electricity are used to reduce emissions and environmental pollution. Congestion is an anomaly and not the normal. Our region's main transportation routes have additional capacity, both free and tolled. We utilize mass transit and light-rail.

We have increased air freight and passenger capacity at a state-of-the-art intermodal facility at the El Paso International Biggs Army Airfield, along with additional capacity at Santa Teresa and southern New Mexico and Juarez international airports. The region's mobility infrastructure enhances our military's ability to defend our nation both at home and abroad, but most importantly, it is secure. Through the advent of technology, our system is protected against those individuals engaged in illegal and criminal activity.

Our international mobility infrastructure is the case study for public, private and international financing, as seen in the rebuilding of the Bridge of the Americas. The economic development and quality of life opportunities created by our present and planned

international bridges and future innovations, such as the universal freight shuttle system, makes our region a beacon, a region so different, so unique that people say that it is where I want to make my investments move to. That is where I want to live, invest my capital, do business, raise my family.

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In order to create this vision, we must understand and not be afraid to invest in our future. We must go beyond forging partnerships with Washington, D.C., Mexico City, Austin, Santa Fe and Chihuahua. We must utilize pass-through tolls, use design and build proposals, create transportation reinvestment zones, structure public/private financing ventures, and lastly, we must advocate for our share of traditional transportation funding.

04:37:55 15 transportation funding. In closing, I'd like to acknowledge and 16 thank all those individuals who were pioneers in 17 18 binational trade and transportation in our region on 19 both sides of our international border. Additionally, 04:38:07 20 I'd like to thank our Texas transportation commissioner, Ted Houghton; Mr. Chuck Berry, district engineer TxDOT, 21 22 Mr. Roy Gilliard, executive director of the El Paso MPO; 23 Harold Hahn, chair of the Camino Real Regional Mobility 24 Authority, and our elected federal, state and local 04:38:26 25 officials, notably, State Senator Eliot Shapleigh, State Representative Joe Pickett, Mayor John Cook and city council.

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With the support -- without the support and efforts of these individuals and others far too numerous to name individually, none of our dreams would become reality. We hold our destiny in our hands, and we ask that you also support the Paso del Norte region in our continuing efforts. Thanks.

MR. MARCUS: Thank you, Mr. Kleberg.

Mr. Harold Hahn, a good friend and chair of the RMA. Do you want to speak from here?

MR. HAHN: Gentlemen, thank you for being here. I can't tell you what a pleasure it is to be fourth or fifth down the list of speakers and everything I had written down has already been said for the most part, so -- but thank you for being here.

I asked that this particular slide be put back up. The Mayor went over the programs with you. I just want to kind of tell you and recap that I could tell you about growth in the military, and I can tell you about crossborder trade, I could tell you about the difficulties that we're going to experience with east/west rail traffic, but that's already been presented to you, so I won't waste your time and my effort.

The only thing that I can say is that the -- the bottom line is that we are going to have to use all kinds of innovative financing techniques in order to make our transportation plan work. The -- they deny our currently serving on the board at the local And all though it does provide a great amount of tools, it is not a catchall and a solve-all for all of our community's transportation needs; however, the Spur 601 is a project that was before my time, before I joined the RMA. It is absolutely going to change the way that transportation moves in our area. We have a large growth in the eastern side of the city.

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But one of the things that we must do is to complete the loop around our city. The program that we currently have in place that has been approved by the local entities should go a long ways in doing that; however, we all know that the financial markets are kind of in chaos right now, but over a period of time I believe that those will settle down and we will be able to address those issues. The major project, as far as tolls that the RMA will be involved in, will be kind of the line going through the center there. It's known by several different things and it's created a lot of contention in this community about whether we should

1 Many of you, I'm sure, are in areas of our 2 state that have embraced tolls and it has created substantial mobility in their areas. And many of those 3 4 areas, as I see them, the one thing that sticks out to 5 me is those areas generally are booming economically. 04:42:03 And I don't know if that's universally true, but any 6 7 time that we have an opportunity to increase our overall 8 mobility and ability to transport people and goods and 9 services in an efficient and business-like manner and save time, then they do come into play. But that road 04:42:22 10 is an extremely expensive tollway. If you go from I-10 11 on the east side of the city, basically tracking the 12 13 river until it comes back up into northwest El Paso, 14 that tollway is probably going to cost somewhere in the 04:42:45 15 neighborhood of three quarters of a billion dollars. 16 Now, I ask you with traditional financing in the State of Texas, where in the world is Texas ever 17 18 going to get three quarters of a billion dollars from 19 the State and Federal Government? It's just not going 04:43:01 20 to happen, so we have the option of not increasing that 21 or we have the option of building a toll road. 22 we're obviously going to study that and hopefully we'll be able to move forward. 23 24 Another innovation just like the Spur 601,

the other pass-through toll projects that we have in our

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community are very important, and that allows us to, in essence, leverage funds that we would be getting from the state over a period of time. We end up with our transportation assets now at today's costs rather than building them incrementally over a period of years, and there's no telling what they would cost at that point, so the pass-through toll program that TxDOT has used here in this community, and I'm assuming other places, is very, very important.

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Other than those comments, I just want to say that the bottom line in my mind is this: That if we have a well-planned and well-implemented transportation program in our community, we're going to create a more vibrant economy here in the El Paso region. A vibrant economy creates jobs, and jobs are the key to virtually everything when addressing a community's health and well-being. We need tools to implement those projects and the support of both the Federal and the State government in order to do that. We do have some of the tools, but we need our leaders to think outside the box in solving or helping us solve our mobility issues. Thank you.

MR. MARCUS: Harold, I see a couple of other RMA members in the audience. I think Ralph Domanance(phonetic), Scott McLaughlin, I don't know if

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           anyone is out here, but just for the record, I'm going
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           to ask the Mayor and council for a raise next week.
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                         UNKNOWN SPEAKER: Doubling it would be
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           good.
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                         MR. MARCUS: Doubling it would be good.
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                                           Thanks, Mayor.
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                         UNKNOWN SPEAKER:
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                         MR. MARCUS: Kathy Neal, board member of
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           the Border Trade Alliance.
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                         MS. NEAL: If it's all right, I'll speak
           from here.
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                         MR. MARCUS: That's fine. Thank you.
                         MS. NEAL: I don't have a PowerPoint
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           either, so -- but I do have some remarks, many of which
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           have been made, so I'm going to try and keep my remarks
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           as brief as possible and try not to be too repetitive.
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           Thank you very much for inviting me to testify this
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           afternoon. My name is Kathy Neal, and I am the director
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           of trade compliance at A.O. Smith in El Paso. I'm here
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           representing the Border Trade Alliance or the BTA.
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                         The BTA started to facilitate North
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           American crossborder trade and economic development
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           through public/private partnerships that result in the
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           integration of grassroots-based solutions with sound
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           federal policies. As a leading tri-national
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           organization representing border trade communities, the
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BTA works on behalf of corporations, small businesses,
local governmental organizations and individuals. We
represent a broad cross-section of critical stake
holders involved in crossborder economic activity
committed to promoting and improving economic and social
prosperity throughout the border regions of North
America.

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Congestion in urban areas and along our transportation corridors is not a new concern. For decades, the efficiency of crossborder trade and manufacturing has been limited by overburdened and aged infrastructure, lack of optimal staffing for border officials, and hours of service at land ports of entry. For the past 25 years, much of the response from federal government, and in particular by U.S. and Mexican Customs to the transportation infrastructure issue, has been to urge crossborder manufacturers to alter our business modal. They're asking us in effect to conduct crossborder shipments during periods that are more convenient to avoid congestion at the ports, irrespective if those periods conform to the demands of our manufacturing processes.

We are finally seeing from federal agencies a realization of the needs of the maquiladoras acknowledging that we have to work together in order to

address these significant issues. The BTA has long been involved in promoting solutions to the transportation challenges at the ports of entry and along transportation corridors in our border regions.

These transportation infrastructure issues are critical to ensuring our local, state, and national competitiveness in the global economy. Last year alone, crossborder surface transportation moved an annual record of \$797 billion worth of goods across our borders in Canada and Mexico. In April of this year, Texas ranked first among states in moving more than \$8 billion in goods to Mexico via surface transportation.

Our state ranked sixth in surface trade with Canada with over \$2 billion in goods transported across our northern border. The need for additional investment in transportation infrastructure at the state and federal level for our ports of entry and transportation corridors is clear when over \$10 million in exports a month here in Texas depend on it. Why is this of significance to the 2030 Committee and the need to address transportation infrastructure?

Specifically, in your capacity in leading the 2030 Committee, the BTA urges you to focus specific attention toward the transportation infrastructure at or near U.S. land border ports of entry here in Texas.

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While the transportation infrastructure needs at each
Texas port of entry are specific and unique, they have a
significant economic impact on the state and the
national economy. Our ports of entry are often the
limiting factor in achieving increased transportation
efficiency in the U.S. border regions and throughout our
transportation corridors into the interior.

To illustrate this point, in 2006, according to the Bureau of Transportation Statistics, the El Paso port of entry was the busiest border crossing in Texas with over 23.8 million commercial trucks, busses, trains, private vehicles and pedestrian crossings. A delay that starts in El Paso can ripple throughout the transportation system causing congestion well beyond the border. These delays not only cause the inconvenience of stalled traffic, but also impact multiple economic sectors involved in crossborder commerce and trade, including customs brokers, carriers, importers and exporters, commercial retail interests, and just in time, manufacturers.

A single shipment that misses the time window of arrival at the manufacturing plant in Juarez can result in thousands of dollars of additional expenses. These expenses include employee downtime at the plant, possible overtime to meet deadlines,

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expedited outbound shipments using air freight or even charter flights instead of truck, and also penalties for late customer shipments.

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A 2006 study commissioned by the San Diego Association of Governments found that the two-hour truck -- two-hour per truck processing time at the San Ysidro, Otay Mesa and Tecate border crossings cost San Diego County \$455 million in lost annual revenue from reduced freight activity. This translates into more than 2400 jobs or \$131 million in lost labor income a year. While the San Diego study focused specifically on the impact of these delays in southern California, the transportation infrastructure component that contributes in part to these delays is not dissimilar, whether you are in San Diego County, the El Paso/Juarez region or even north in the Detroit/Windsor area.

While much of my testimony here today has focused on the need for upgraded and improved transportation infrastructure, in order to maintain the currents levels of crossborder trade and commerce, we should look ahead and anticipate the opportunities and challenges down the road. In particular, as Mexico develops its maritime and interior transportation infrastructure, we will see additional pressure on the land border ports on the southern border.

We urge this committee to consider how we can seize this opportunity now in order to be well-positioned to handle the anticipated increase surface trader result as a result of Mexico's improved global trade stature. This is on top of our present projected growth in crossborder trade. Aged and overburdened transportation infrastructure is only one component in contributing to increased delays at our ports of entry.

The two other elements that also contribute are policies and processes that govern the use of and limit the effectiveness of federal, state and local investment in transportation infrastructure, and second, the deployment of technology. These are key elements in addressing the congestion in U.S. border regions and throughout our trade corridors in the interior of the U.S. For our part in these areas, the BTA has supported and helped develop legislation by Senator Hutchinson[sic] and Congressman Rodriguez to study the scope and impact of these crossborder delays.

We have also strongly supported legislation from both Senator Cornyn and Congressman Reyes to address them of the specific port infrastructure needs, facilities, technology and staffing. We continue to meet with congress and federal agencies to discuss

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potential solutions in these areas that also contribute to the delays we continue to experience at our border crossing.

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To summarize, the BTA urges this committee to focus on the current and future transportation infrastructure needs at our land border crossings and along our trade corridors, stressing the economic importance of maintaining our state, regional and national competitiveness in a global economy. The Border Trade Alliance is honored to participate in this hearing and it will be my pleasure to address any questions that you may have. Thank you very much.

> MR. MARCUS: Thank you, Ms. Neal.

I'd like to go ahead and move into the public testimony part of our hearing today. Please limit your remarks to three minutes. I think we've got close to 20 people who might have signed up to speak today. The first person who signed up is Representative Beto O'Rourke, city council representative for District 8.

REPRESENTATIVE O'ROURKE: Thank you for allowing me to address the committee, and I want to welcome you to El Paso and welcome you to District 8, city council District 8, which we're currently in. And

04:53:49 20 21 22 23 24 04:54:02 25 I want to let you know that it's not often that you hear

1 the president of the chamber of commerce echoing 2 comments of our State Senator, and so that in itself is 3 kind of a historic moment. But I think it says 4 something about where El Paso is today. We just recently agreed unanimously as a community at the city 5 04:54:18 council level, at the MPO level, at the regional level 6 7 and also at the RMA level on a \$1 billion package of 8 mobility and transportation improvements to this region. 9 We have a very hard time agreeing on how to spend \$50,000, much less \$1 billion, so I think that's a 04:54:34 10 historic moment in El Paso's history. 11 12 And I really like the comments that Jay 13 Kleberg gave in stressing that El Paso really understands that our future and our destiny is in our 14 The comments that Harold Hahn made about the 04:54:50 15 16 fact that we're going to deal with the cards that were dealt us, and though many other Texas cities have their 17 18 loop built for them by the state, we're going to fund 19 that in large part through revenue that's generated here 04:55:06 20 either by tolls or through a tax increment reinvestment 21 zone. 22 I'm really proud of El Paso and proud that 2.3 so many of us are on the same page and are pushing 24 forward towards a common goal. Let me use my remaining 04:55:19 25 time, however, to address a more specific scope of

services that I would really like you, in your capacity, to consider, and those are the alternate modes of transportation. Those who choose to walk, those who choose to ride a bicycle to where they're going to, and those who choose to use transit. And frankly, more importantly, those who have no choice but to use one of those modes of transportation.

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I represent one of the poorest urban zip codes in the United States, 79901, and I know that many of my constituents, if not the majority, are dependant on one of those alternate modes of transportation. And I think it's incumbent upon us, at the local and at the state leadership level, to find new and creative means of better funding those modes of transportation. And it's an issue of fairness and justice for those who depend on it. And I think it's also an issue of economic development. I think we'll find we build better neighbors and communities if we make Texas and El Paso more attractive places to live if we locate, grow families and businesses when we have neighborhoods that are not car dependent.

We recently did a little bit of research and found that 65 percent of El Pasoans live in car-dependent neighborhoods. And as the price of fuel goes up, that obviously makes it very hard to afford to

live in this community, especially one that is still 1 2 challenged by its median wages, so I ask you to consider 3 those three areas as you present your findings down the 4 road, and I look forward to reading the report. 5 04:56:45 you. MR. MARCUS: Thank you, Representative 6 7 O'Rourke. 8 The next person that signed up was Dennis 9 Melonas, on behalf of City Council Representative Rachel Ouintana from District 5. 04:56:56 10 MR. MELONAS: Good afternoon, Committee. 11 Ι 12 submit the following thoughts from the representative. I also send regards from Representative Pickett. Good 13 Thank you for selecting El Paso as one of 14 afternoon. the sites for the 2030 Committee. El Paso City Council 04:57:20 15 -- the city's council service, as you know it as the 16 17 mass transit port, which oversees our public transit 18 system, the Sun Metro. The city council's made 19 transportation their number one priority for El Paso. 04:57:34 20 The regional coordinated transportation plan created by 21 the 2003 Texas legislature had a vision of combining 22 into one plan all the many state and federal resources 23 that support public transit. 24 Their goal is to increase transit services 04:57:52 25 and efficiency. It is significant to note that the

federal transportation law did not mandate such coordinated transportation planning until '05, making Texas a national leader in transit solutions, now made even more important by high fuel costs. In El Paso County proper and five surrounding counties launched this initiative in the fall of 2005 with about 40 organizations who worked diligently to submit a plan to TxDOT by the due date of December 1, '06.

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We discovered that we had 58 million in annual public transit resources through federal and state agency funds. Over 320 vehicles were being operated by 17 different providers collectively providing some 13 million rides a year. Prior to this effort, for the most part, these entities did not coordinate their resources, plans, trips, grade in redundancies, and even worse, huge gap in mobility services for many segments of our population.

An immediate priority is coordinating planning to build a transit system adequate to meet the Fort Bliss huge expansion coming up. Thanks to this coordinated transportation effort, many improvements and efficiencies in public transit have been made over the last three years. TxDOT now allows shared use of their alternative fuel facilities, van pool services are offered in El Paso County, numerous transit providers

have been successful recently in securing new grants to expand transit service throughout our region. This plan enabled our region to make gains in support of TxDOT goals, but we still have more work to do.

Many of our strategic actions require additional research, data collection, and I stress public involvement, pursuit of a variety of special grants, and the inclusion of many other transit providers in this regional coordinated transportation partnership. I encourage this 2030 Committee to -- to report to include some provisions, not only to institutionalize this young initiative, but to make it responsive to the local community.

TxDOT should assist the legislature and revisit the original enabling legislation for this effort to consider adding provisions, making it a permanent and accountable local effort by placing it as a responsibility of local elected officials. Through such amendments, TxDOT funding for this effort will no longer be necessary as federal law currently provides for the use of federal funding to continue transit planning. The Texas Transportation Code could be amended to make regional coordination accountable --

30 seconds, please.

MR. MARCUS: Go ahead.

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1 MR. MELONAS: -- through progress reports 2 to and oversight by lo- -- elected officials. Finally, 3 it will be essential that TxDOT have oversight to the 4 state's effectiveness in realizing the goals of this initiative, so in turn it can report regularly to the 05:00:45 5 legislature and the people of Texas on how the effort 6 7 has improved public transit service. 8 Thus, I urge the 2030 Committee to give 9 careful consideration to recommending amendments and 05:01:00 10 enhancements to the regional legislation created in '03, working closely with elected officials throughout Texas 11 and setting up these amendments, infrastructure and 12 13 accountability as we are highly cognizant of the growing demand for public use. 14 We believe that quality in public transit 05:01:13 15 16 is as important a transportation issue as our system of 17 roads and highways. Cooperation among elected 18 officials, local, regional coordination transportation 19 efforts and TxDOT can yield all Texans an effective 05:01:28 20 system to providing mobility services necessary for 21 daily living, as well as enhancing our local and state 22 economy and quality of life. Thank you.

MR. MARCUS: Thank you.

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Next speaker is Georgia Panahi for Representative Emma Acosta, District 3.

1 Representative Acosta would MS. PANAHI: 2 have loved to be here, but she's currently in Austin 3 right now, so I'm going to read this speech that she 4 I want to congratulate the Texas Governor and Deirdre Delisi, chair of the Texas Transportation 05:02:05 5 Commission for forming a committee that will compile 6 7 information that will formulate the future 8 transportation needs of Texas and its cities. 9 Long-range planning is crucial to any community, and 05:02:18 10 especially to an entire state. I thank our Honorable Mayor, John Cook; Richard Dayoub, Greater Chamber of 11 12 Commerce; Jay Kleberg, Border Mobility Coalition; Harold 13 Hahn, CMRRMA[sic], Kathy Neal, BTA; Mr. David Marcus, Vice Chair of 2030 Committee, for their interest in the 14 transportation needs of the El Paso community. 05:02:40 15 16 It is crucial to community and state that 17 we take the important steps to assess Texas 18 transportation needs and find feasible and economical solutions to address these needs before they become 19 05:02:54 20 critical needs in the future. As our great state of 21 Texas continues to prosper in business and in 22 transportation. It is imperative that we stay ahead of the curb and continue to be a leader in this great 23 24 country. 05:03:09 25 As Texas continues to prosper, so does the

El Paso region. We're the largest border city in the entire world with over 10 million international border crossings each year. Our bridges carry over 5.3 million pedestrians, 4.7 million passenger vehicles and over 320,000 commercial vehicles. These border crossings utilize our existing international bridges, which in turn utilize transportation infrastructure in this community.

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The need to move vehicles and people is currently a dire need, and if the issue is not addressed, then the need for connectivity from the international bridges to our roads and highways will become critical. In the next 20 years, the City of El Paso's transportation needs will be at a critical state. With our current demographics and proximity to Mexico and New Mexico, our mobility issues must include improving the international bridges' connectivity to our interstate freeway system, the building of a new, larger international bridge that is able to move people and vehicles into our roads and highways smoothly and effectively.

The El Paso region also needs a bus rapid transit sy- -- sy- -- excuse me -- transit system that is able to meet the needs of the local community that includes El Paso, New Mexico and our border city,

Juarez, Mexico. A transit system that is able to travel into Juarez, Mexico from El Paso and back, a system that is able to move passengers from the bridge to various parts of the El Paso community into New Mexico.

I thank the committee for allowing me, the city representative from District 3, to voice these important transportation needs of this community and especially of this district. This district includes the International Bridge of Americas, one of the most heavily used international bridges. Yet connectivity to and from our existing roads is not easily accessed and pedestrians must travel a long distance to use our transit system. Thank you.

MR. MARCUS: Thank you.

The next person that will speak will be Edward Moreno, and then after him, Marcia Keller. And when you get up to speak, please repeat your name and then let us know who or what you're affiliated with as well.

MR. MORENO: Good afternoon. My name is Edward Moreno, and I'm here to provide a statement on behalf of AARP in my present role as an AARP volunteer. I would also like to thank the 2030 Committee of the Texas Department of Transportation for the opportunity to provide testimony.

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1 I would like to begin by posing a 2 As we grow older, will our communities be question: 3 ready for us? The question -- this question is not just 4 important to AARP members, but it is an important question for all of us, regardless of whether we live in 05:06:13 5 a city, a suburb, a small town or out in the country. 6 7 It is particularly relevant for persons of 50 and older 8 who are planning or have already entered retirement or who are facing the challenges to independence and quality of life that often accompanies ageing. 05:06:36 10 11 Yet, people seldom discuss the mobility until it has become obvious that the community in which 12 13 they live does not meet their needs. Specifically, a livable community is one that has affordable housing, 14 05:06:59 15 supportive community -- supportive community features 16 and services and adequate transportation resources, transit system and mobility options, which together 17 18 facilitate a personal independence, an engagement of residence in civic and social life. 19 05:07:24 20 In principle, AARP feels that all 21 individuals should have a range of safe, accessible, 22 dependable and affordable option that enhances mobility, 23 enables independent living, facilitates employment 24 opportunity and faltered social engagement.

Furthermore, AARP feels that all

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communities should examine the connection between 1 2 transportation and land use and use those fundings to 3 coordinate transportation and land use decisions that 4 will enhance accessibility for all people. In this regard, AARP supports the following transportation 05:08:07 5 planning consideration on the part of states, 6 7 metropolitan planning organizations and local 8 jurisdiction. Consider the effects of transportation 9 and land use decisions on the mobility of older persons and people with disabilities. Examine the benefits of 05:08:30 10 public transportation, public transportation service 11 12 improvements before undertaking major road-building 13 projects. Investigate the benefits of making land uses and increasing density around transit stops to encourage 14 more diverse neighborhoods and improved network 05:08:56 15 efficiencies. Include affordable housing requirement 16 and incentives in mix-used areas served by the -- served 17 18 by high level transit to ensure a diverse mix of 19 households. Focus on the safety and security of 05:09:22 20 pedestrians in the design and operation of transportation facilities. 21 22 In support of this, it is worth noting that 2.3 according to a 2007 report on pedestrian fatality 24 produced by WalkWell Texas, a project funded by the 05:09:39 25 Texas Department of Transportation and jointly released

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           with AARP, between 2002 and 2005 the overall pedestrian
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           fatality rating in Texas was 2.0 per 100,000 population,
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           exceeding the national average of 1.7 livable 100,000
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           population.
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                         MR. MARCUS: Mr. Moreno, excuse me, do you
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           need a lot more time? You've gone over your
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           three minutes.
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                         MR. MORENO:
                                      No. No, I'm pretty close.
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                         MR. MARCUS:
                                      Okay.
                         MR. MORENO:
                                      Among Texans age 55 and older,
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           the pedestrian fatality -- the fatality rate was 2.7 per
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           100,000, a rate 35 percent higher than the already
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           elevated state rate of pedestrian fatality.
           Furthermore, within Texas, El Paso County has led the
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           seventh largest metropolitan county with more than
           500,000 in population with a ratio of 4.58 to 100,000.
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                         Actively promote public participation by
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           consumers, including older people, in transportation
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           planning decisions, such as public transportation,
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           highway and road siding and design, transportation
           demand management, activity and investment and
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           deployment of intelligent transportation system.
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                         Finally, AARP respectfully recommends that
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           TxDOT and the 2030 Committee consider complete streaks,
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           policies and provision in their prioritization designed
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and developed in order to assure for safe accommodations
for all users of streets, roads and thoroughfares, both
retroactively and looking forward. Thank you.

MR. MARCUS: Thank you, sir.

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Ms. Marcia Keller. While Ms. Keller walks to the mike, also the next person to speak will be Martha Saucedo, if you want to position yourself near a microphone.

8 microphone. 9 MS. KELLER: My name is Marcie Keller. Thank you for allowing me to speak and thank you-all for 05:12:09 10 being here. We cannot solve the problem for 2030 until 11 we solve the problems now. I will be brief. Let's get 12 13 down to the brass tacks here, people. Cabs, I heard in 14 February, with my own ears, that there is a company who 05:12:29 15 used to, I hope allegedly, charge northeast passengers a 16 14-percent service charge for cab companies -- for cab 17 fares because we live too far away from the cab company. 18 There is no northeast cab company. I am sure they have 19 remedied that. Mass transit, somebody wrote an article 05:12:55 20 in the paper that explains why we have trouble, and it's 21 an issue in El Paso. And I see people on busses, on 22 mass transit busses, who hang on to rails, who do not 23 give up their seats for senior citizens and the 24 They aren't required to, but I think disabled. it's only out of kindness that they do. 05:13:22 25

	1	Also, I see the busses overloaded. There
	2	are no seat belts, and I hope that this can be remedied
	3	as soon as possible because someone is going to get hurt
	4	or killed if it is not. Metro LIFT, I've always loved
05:13:45	5	Metro LIFT, and I speak very kindly of it. I
	6	congratulate it for using natural gas. It employs clean
	7	air for our community. They are going to raise their
	8	fares for people whose income is probably about 500
	9	bucks a month and maybe a little bit more. We just had
05:14:10	10	a fare increase and they're going to raise them again,
	11	and they've already cut back on services. And they
	12	they they want to raise our fares because of rising
	13	fuel costs and I'm not so sure we understand that, but
	14	we got to consider our community here. And I have an
05:14:32	15	issue with a grocery cart. I have a large grocery cart,
	16	and I try to expedite my trips by going two or three
	17	months to the grocery store, to Wal-Mart, to help
	18	Wal-Mart with their with their carts, it's helping
	19	me, also to allow more people to ride the LIFT.
05:14:55	20	I have been told that I cannot use this
	21	cart. I was given permission three years ago to use it,
	22	but I am told that I cannot and I do not know why,
	23	nothing has happened. And we got to solve these
	24	problems now before we talk about 2030. Thank you.
05:15:17	25	MR. MARCUS: Thank you. After Ms. Saucedo

speaks, Terry Minjares, so if you want to make your way 1 2 to the microphone. 3 Go ahead. Ms. Saucedo, go ahead. 4 MS. SAUCEDO: Yes. Thank you. I would like to -- I think that the time allowed is very short, 5 05:15:32 but I would like to read my comments. I'm going to talk 6 7 about how the uses of the metro systems work -- we were 8 dealing with. Thanks God that because Fort Bliss is 9 coming and more projects are coming. We hope that the -- the uses of this service -- we hope that the services 05:16:00 10 are going to be improved. 11 I've been on these crusades for more than 12 13 ten years, and I ask God to please help me to go again of what is going to be done on this matter, but the 14 people of El Paso that aren't in the same condition that 05:16:21 15 16 the San Diego and San Ysidro bridge in San Diego, 17 California. We are in a same geographic -- hold it, 18 please, I just started -- and we are in the same 19 geographic situation, but through the years, El Paso has 05:16:44 20 been behind, no prosperity, no advancement. 21 Because we don't have proper transportation. 22 People who go to work to go to -- can be a 2.3 people -- handicap people are the ones who are suffering 24 more because we don't have enough busses to help us. From -- we receive 35 busses back in last year and those 05:17:04 25

busses -- these busses didn't even help us because they were taking the place of the trolleys and the busses that were beyond repair, so we only gain 20 busses, but literally they were delivered in this year. They promised to bring 45 busses in November. They changed their mind, so they say that it's not going to be delivered until January.

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So I want to ask that you in the panel that to please review all the signatures that were given to Mr. Cook on 206 and another 800,000 signatures from the users of El Paso that aren't representing the -- the federal protest situation in El Paso. Lately on the busses -- ride the bus, but how do the people is going to ride the busses? They break down, they don't replace them. A lot of people would like to use the buses. The problem being that the busses are not reliable.

Now with the cost of gasoline, more users would like to use the busses, but there is not enough busses. The roads have been shortened, the times have been shortened, and people doesn't get anywhere. There is no -- no jobs, and the people losing the jobs because they can't rely on the busses.

So please -- I'm so happy for the first time in ten years that I'm able to talk to a panel of you from the DOT department, and I would like to write

my comments because I don't have enough time right now, but you're supposed to hear about what the users of El Paso that have been representing for more than ten years are talking about.

But I don't have an address where to send

my comments and -- and the comments of the users of El Paso -- from Ciudad Juarez and El Paso. The people who come from Ciudad Juarez are the one -- and Mexico are the one -- the main income in the City of El Paso, but they are having a terrible time to be transported until lately they allow busses from -- from Ciudad Juarez to come to El Paso to -- to help the people who are to -- to Juarez with whatever they bought.

So I'm glad that Mr. Rivera from the Times is here, and I'm asking the media that -- the television agents are not here, but we noticed that they don't give coverage to us when we complain to -- for everything that is -- we are going through in hot weather, cold weather, rain and the whole thing.

MR. MARCUS: Mrs. --

MS. SAUCEDO: We won't complain, but we need the service to be improved.

MR. MARCUS: Are you going to need anymore time?

MS. SAUCEDO: Only one -- one more time.

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This company that is taking the first transit is called,
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           I requested that the contract will not be renewed
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           because they have not lived to our expectations.
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           Nothing was done. They continued in the contract, but
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           we are not -- the service is the same than ten years
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       6
           ago.
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                         So the people of El Paso deserve better.
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           I'm asking you, please, you have the power to inquire
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           about this. I can prove it, there is signatures, more
           than 15 signatures are responding my -- my -- my claim.
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           There is a lot of us that are unable to speak today, but
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           what I want to say, we want the City of El Paso to
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           improve, better jobs, better opportunities, but without
           the proper transportation, this is not going to be able
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           to -- to become a true reality.
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                         MR. MARCUS:
                                      Thank you.
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                         MS. SAUCEDO: You're welcome.
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                         MR. MARCUS: Before we go any further, let
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           me remind everybody to please give us your name and who
05:21:09 20
           you're affiliated with. And when you see the stop sign,
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           please cut your remarks as short as possible, otherwise
      22
           we're all going to be here till midnight.
      23
                         Terry Minjares, and then after Terry will
      24
           be James King Perry.
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                         MR. PERRY: Yes.
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MR. MARCUS: Okay.

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MS. MINJARES: Hi. My name is Terry

Minjares, and I'm speaking on behalf of my uncle, Jesus
Ramirez, who couldn't be here right now because he's

working. So just to give you some background, he lives
in central El Paso, commutes to work and -- on the east
side of El Paso and also visits family in northeast.

And I wanted to get his input.

He rides mass transit more than I do and he depends on it more than I do. Some of his comments overall, he's been riding Sun Metro for more than two years, and he says that overall the service is very reliable, except that he's been noticing that more of the busses have been breaking down as was -- as were mentioned before. So his suggestions were that -- to invest -- to keep investing in a new bus fleet. Not only will that help with reliability, but that, as mentioned before, will also increase ridership, which is -- seems to be the issues here as far as mass transit, reducing vehicles, also which was mentioned with transportation of goods.

Another thing that he mentioned was that the shelters that are currently in place, he was very impressed that they are kept clean, and that's one thing that he really appreciates that that can be -- if that

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can be continued. Another thing on a side note is that he was really saddened that he couldn't be here because the meeting did start at 4:00 and it's scheduled to end at 6:00.

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So with that being said, somebody mentioned public involvement. One of the suggestions was to make these meetings, if they're going to be continuous meetings, at a time when people are out of work, and you might be able to have more public input. Thank you.

MR. MARCUS: Thank you. Mr. King Perry, after Mr. King Perry, David Cortez will be next.

MR. PERRY: Yeah, my name is James Perry. I have El Paso charter busses. I had a Greyhound bus station in Austin, Texas for about 20 years. The bottom

can buy its own train and run it from here to Dallas and the streets, they're not in the hospitals. There is

05:23:41 15 line is, we need a train that runs from El Paso to Fort 16 Worth and Dallas. The current Amtrak train runs through 17 here, goes to San Antonio. They don't stop and pick 18 anybody up. 19 You're looking for money for toll roads and 05:23:56 20 different things to support a train, we can buy -- Texas 21 22 Fort Worth. You want some money? Go back to Austin and 23 get some of that surcharge money. All this surcharge 24 money has gone to the MHMR. The MHMR people are out on 05:24:20 25

30,000 people in Austin, plus 20,000 in Houston, plus 1 2 25,000 in San Antonio, and there's 41,000 people in El 3 Paso driving with no driver's license paying surcharge. There's millions of cars that come across 4 the border every day from Juarez, Nuevo Laredo, 05:24:39 5 Matamoros with no inspection stickers and no insurance. 6 7 That's where your money's at. And we need you -- if we 8 get stopped, the Texas Department of Transportation 9 pretty well regulates our driving. We have to have stickers. If you get stopped in El Paso and you don't 05:24:59 10 have a sticker, you're going to get a ticket or you're 11 12 going to go to jail, so there's a lot of revenue in 13 Mexico that you're not getting. 14 When these people come across the border, 05:25:15 15 they should have -- be able to -- have to show a Texas 16 highway patrol that they have insurance. So that's 17 where the money's at, then we can build a train. Thank 18 you. 19 MR. MARCUS: Thank you, sir. Mr. Cortez. 05:25:33 20 MR. CORTEZ: Thanks, Mr. Marcus. 21 Dave Cortez. I'm an organizer here in El 22 I'd like to speak on behalf of our younger Paso. 23 population and our low income population whom I help 24 organize. I would also like to thank you guys for 05:25:45 25 coming here, and also to express publically my

discontent with many of the elected officials and RMA officials who are leaving before public testimony was heard. I think these people have a lot of good things to say that needs to be heard.

First and foremost, the fundamental question from what you guys are researching and doing is, how can you build yourself out of traffic congestion? Can that happen or can it not? Senator Shapleigh said a little while ago that our constituencies are going to be asking and demanding in the future for alternative transportation. What I'm saying today is that we already are asking for that. Low income folks, as you've heard already, are asking for more mass transit.

Thirdly, we need -- because I personally believe it's not possible to build our way out of congestion, we need to work to reduce the numbers of automobiles that are on our roadways and not to accommodate them. We need to incorporate all the proposals that have been made today for bicycles and pedestrian use.

Fourthly, one of your big facets or proposals has been toll roads. I'm not sure if you're aware that here in El Paso County we're already being taxed and overtaxed immensely from public utilities to

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property taxes. Consider the feasibility of using toll roads and how many people might be willing to pay for toll roads in the future in this area. I'll keep this short.

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Lastly, I ask, please research the use of federal money that's been set aside for road construction, how we can use that to prepare our roads and prepare areas for laying down rail. I know you can't use it for rail, but please do the research for it. Areas like Austin, Texas; Phoenix, Arizona; Portland, Oregon, they have been doing things like that. In Phoenix, for example, they have prepared the medians to lay down rail using road money.

The last aspect I have is that you please advocate the use of readily available alternative fuel, such as biodiesel and vegetable oil for Texas Department of Transportation vehicles, busses, et cetera. Thank you.

MR. MARCUS: Thank you, Mr. Cortez. The next speaker is Frank Lozano. And after Mr. Lozano will be Lisa Turner.

MR. LOZANO: Good afternoon, members of the TxDOT committee, and thank you for this chance to speak to the committee. I -- my name is Frank Lozano. I'm a member of Adapt and I'm a -- well, I'm a nondriver, as

I'm sure you realized. One huge, huge gap in El Paso, from my perspective, is accessible passways for pedestrian traffic, and El Paso has just entered into a transition plan that's looking great.

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We're very happy about this new initiative to comply to -- to the Americans with Disabilities Act. And as far as TxDOT's side is concerned, if you try to walk along the -- any of the gateways in El Paso, as well as the -- as well as Montana, Mesa, Dyer, Alameda, Paisano, it's -- it's a dangerous place to go, not just for the blind, for anyone that's there all the time. The great need for -- for accessible passways, that -- that's what I would like to see happen in El Paso, more transition for accessible passways.

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Intermodal, our connections between 1 2 different modes of transportation is very important, not 3 just for the elderly, but people with wheelchairs, 4 walkers, women with baby carriages shouldn't be forced into moving traffic, and I think TxDOT can do something 5 05:31:58 about that. I hope you consider the nondriver 6 7 population in El Paso. Gracias. 8 MR. MARCUS: Thank you, sir. Lisa Turner, 9 after Lisa, Richard Teschner will be up. MS. TURNER: Thank you, gentlemen, for 05:32:21 10 allowing me to speak. The population numbers that you 11 12 saw from our Mayor John, he forgot Las Cruces, Santa 13 Teresa, Sunland Park, Chaparral, these are all cities 14 that are important and just sit right on the border with 05:32:46 15 El Paso. We're going to have to rethink the way we do 16 Throwing concrete down, more asphalt, more business. 17 bridges, they are not going to move the people in 2030. 18 You do this, in 2030 you will create the largest parking 19 lot that this country has ever seen. We will be walking 05:33:12 20 back and forth over cars and trucks to get where we're 21 going. 22 We need to put the old ideals of the '30s 23 and '50s down and come up with something suitable to 24 the 21st century. You need, as a committee, to take a 05:33:30 25 trip to Bentonville, Arkansas to look at Wal-Mart's

distribution center. Look how they move product. 1

2 Moving a case of vegetable oil is not different than

3 moving a person. I should be able to walk out of my

4 apartment complex, step into a car, say or enter where I

want to go, sit down and not worry about it until I get

there. 6

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Well, how do you do that? Well, you go to Bentonville, Arkansas and you ask people, How do you move this product through without human intervention? You go to your airports and ask, Well, how do you move How do you get people from terminal A at your baggage? one end of the airport all the way over here to terminal F, 3 miles away, without human intervention? How do you do that? You need to get the old ways. What you need to do is get a highway engineer, a roller coaster engineer -- who else did I have down here? -- and somebody who does distribution centers, and let them

Forget about the busses as it is. article in this morning's Houston Chronicle told how a woman had to take several busses in Houston, plus cross a freeway to get to one of those busses to get to work, and then she would have to repeat that in the evening. It took her two hours each way, four hours round trip, but if she drove a car it would take her ten minutes.

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develop a new transportation system.

1 Extremely inefficient to move people by busses. 2 just about it except unless you want a suggestion on how 3 to unclog the bridges. I have two of them. Thank you. 4 MR. MARCUS: Thank you. Is Richard Teschner here? Did he leave? Does anybody see Richard? 5 05:35:43 Okay. Marta Maldonado, and then I have a 6 7 Martha Maldonado right after that. MS. MARTA MALDONADO: Good afternoon, 8 9 gentlemen. I am a user of Sun Metro. Two years ago, I gathered about 5,000 signatures relating to poor service 05:36:39 10 of the transit system. Up to today -- currently, 11 12 there's nothing -- there has nothing been done about it. Apparently everything is fine. And they eliminated 13 routes and they only have one bus per route and these 14 05:37:19 15 are 18 routes. We still have a problem of poor service. I have this package for you so that you can 16 17 review and analyze some schedules so that you can 18 compare how we have been affected -- effected. The 19 problem still is ongoing out there. This company that 05:38:03 20 came, they congratulate themselves and they award 21 themselves for a good service, but I, as a 38 -- as a 22 user for 38 years, can tell you that has not improved at 23 all. If you accept this package, I have it for you, so 24 that you review it along with the amendments that have 05:38:56 25 forbidden us to be in the plaza and the terrible

1 discrimination we go through. This study -- this 2 research was done by the City. 3 Now they want to increase the fare, and if 4 we don't pay it, they -- they are thinking about closing 5 routes. I think they have taken away enough routes for 05:39:32 this to happen again. Thank you, gentlemen. 6 7 for listening to me as a user. Sorry for the bag. MR. MARCUS: Gracias, Señora Maldonado. 8 9 Mary Frances Keisling, and then Joseph Marcus. 05:40:14 10 MS. KEISLING: Good afternoon. My name is Mary Frances Keisling. I'm president of the Save the 11 12 Valley Neighborhood Civic Association. And as I've been 13 listening today, I've been amazed by the projected things that have been discussed. And what we really are 14 concerned about is the condition of Artcraft Road right 05:40:34 15 16 now. 17 Mr. Marcus, the map that you had, the 18 El Paso regional mobility plan map, shows Artcraft. 19 these gentlemen familiar with where it is? 05:40:46 20 MR. MARCUS: No, they're not. MS. KEISLING: Well, it is the road which 21 22 was constructed when the port at Santa Teresa, New 23 Mexico was opened to bring traffic from the port through 24 the valley to -- through New Mexico, through Texas and to Interstate 10. We have serious needs, which should 05:41:00 25

be addressed immediately in order to make Artcraft more 1 2 accessible, user-friendly and safer for everyone coming 3 from Mexico, New Mexico and Texas. The issues are there 4 are no right turns from the two roads which enter 5 Artcraft from Texas. There are no right turns from West Side Drive and Upper Valley Road onto Artcraft. 6 7

Number two, there is no dedicated onramp from Artcraft onto Interstate 10, only one right-turn lane onto the access road going south. Traffic is backing up. There's a gas station there. We need to do something about that.

When exiting Interstate 10 from the north and heading west, there is no right-turn lane. solutions are add right-turn lanes from West Side Drive and Upper Valley Road, both from the north and the Build a two-lane dedicated onramp from Artcraft south. onto Interstate 10 going south, and add a right-turn lane onto the Artcraft exit, which goes to the west from Interstate 10. Thank you for considering these, and I hope that these can be implemented soon.

> Thank you. MR. MARCUS:

MS. KEISLING: Thank you.

MR. MARCUS: Before Joseph begins, I have to make a point here. We're related, and I think people should know that. And after he's through speaking, Bob

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Geyer is next. Go ahead.

MR. JOSEPH MARCUS: All right. Thank you,

3 Mr. Marcus.

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I'm going to keep this short for the sake of dinner. But basically, what I just wanted to say is you've heard a lot of things, a lot of local issues about the specific streets and specific areas you may not really be aware of. And really, what I just want to mention is that you are in El Paso, the pass. This city is here and this city is growing because this city is useful. It's here because of its geography. It was the pass to the north, and then it was the -- the only pass to the west.

And the reason that there's investment here and that you've heard all these statistics about how many tens of billions of dollars are being spent here is because all of these corporations, all of these national, multinational companies are dealing with increased globalization. El Paso is, you know, the foundation. It's one of the most basic and dominant blocks in any ledger of any company from any, you know -- Texas, even Canada, all across the world.

And so, you know, despite the fact that we do feel being up here in the mountain time zone a little neglected, this city is important. Anything that you do

to increase mobility here, anything you do to get, you 1 2 know, elevated walkways over the streets so that cars 3 can flow, anything you can do to increase transportation 4 here, as unglamorous and as, you know, far away as we may be, it makes its market in the impact and just 5 05:43:50 everything across the city. 6 7 You know, for Houston, Dallas, no, 8 nothing's coming in really prepared, nothing's coming 9 from Brownsville, nothing's coming from Laredo. This is where it's going. You know, if you want to ship 05:44:04 10 anything on I-10, Los Angeles, Phoenix, Houston, you 11 12 know, New Orleans, Miami, anything, this is where it 13 comes through. And so although some of what you've 14 heard may not apply to you, Artcraft Road may not really 05:44:17 15 drop anything -- you know, it may not draw any 16 memories up, you may not have any memories of Artcraft 17 Road, but anything that you to do increase mobility is a 18 specific and measurable increase in your own city's 19 progress. And that's just what I want to say. 05:44:34 20 MR. MARCUS: Thank you. Mr. Geyer. 21 MR. GEYER: Okay. You could make these 22 microphones more accessible. My name's Bob Geyer. I'm 23 the transportation manager for El Paso County. One of the things that I think a lot of people at TxDOT don't 24

know, and you-all may not know either, we all fund rural

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transportation, probably the stepchild of TxDOT. funding since 2000 that TxDOT has given to rural transportation across Texas has risen 2 percent since -- that's eight years.

risen 27 percent during that same time. And fuel, as you all know, has risen at least 185 percent, so it's kind of tough to provide transportation in rural areas with that small of a funding base. El Paso County we see is approximately \$487,000 a year to operate our county transit system. We serve cities, small cities outside of the city limits, Anthony, Horizon City, way

downtown El Paso, and so with the money that we have, we're only able to provide that rural service two to three trips in the morning on each route and two to three trips in the afternoon. We have no service during the middle of the day because that's all the money that we have, so I would encourage you all to, you know, look at encouraging TxDOT to contribute more money to rural transportation.

This -- basically what it is, it's any service outside of the city limits of El Paso.

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has a mass transit board, but it is like the city of 1 2 We are created under 1118Z back in 1988. That Laredo. 3 means we're a city transit department with taxing 4 authority, unlike all the transit authorities who cross the state and major cities, Houston, San Antonio, Austin 05:46:55 5 and Corpus, Fort Worth -- I think I'm missing one, but 6 7 anyway -- they are county -- larger than any county, 8 sometimes regional. That's actually what we need here, 9 and I wish Mayor Cook was here. I've been pushing him for years and county officials, but -- and city 05:47:14 10 11 officials. 12 There is legislation on the book, and, 13

There is legislation on the book, and,
Mr. Marcus, you're on the RMA. You all can take over
the transit system too. I'm sure if you're not aware of
that -- I think you probably are. I wish Mr. Hahn was
here, but I really think you all need to look at not
just highways and toll roads here, but taking and making
yourselves the entity for the -- a regional transit
authority, which would encompass all of El Paso County.
There would be more of a seamless system.

Right now it's real difficult for people outside the city limits to access transportation and then coordinate the routes, so that would be a real important thing for El Paso to catch up with the rest of the state and that area, a regional county-wide

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authority. And, you know, once again, we're getting
shortchanged here, us and Laredo on the border don't
have what the major cities have. Thank you.

MR. MARCUS: Thank you, sir. Lois Balin.

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MR. MARCUS: Thank you, sir. Lois Balin
After Lois is Jesus Contreras.

MS. BALIN: Hi. My name is Lois Balin and I'm the urban wildlife biologist for Texas Parks & Wildlife, and I'm just thrilled that we're on your plan for public hearings for the 2030. I can guarantee you that I'm not going to be redundant. I'm here to approach the new system in a little bit different angle. It's become really clear to the council of El Paso and the Mayor and the residents that quality of life has become a priority, the important issue here being El Paso. And the City of El Paso has developed a plan for El Paso that accommodates that thought. There's an open space plan, there's arroyo protection, arroyo ordinances, plans to promote conservation development, et cetera.

And what does this have to do with TxDOT?

Well, I would just like to see El Paso get -- we're

ready to join the other ecologically sensitive cities in

Texas. We have bats here. We have Mexican free-tail

bats here, and I would like to see in all the new

construction of bridges, especially over the Rio Grande

and anything over a large arroyo, I'd like to see

bat-friendly bridges. Bats have a bad reputation here,

but it's an unjustified one. They carry less than

one-tenth of 1 percent rabies. You only hear about the

ones that have rabies.

In addition to the bat-friendly bridges, I

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would really like TxDOT to consider natural right-of-ways large enough to protect the grassland desert birds, especially the burrowing owls. Both these bats and burrowing owls eat tremendous amounts of insects. And we talk about quality of life, well, these birds controlling insects control other plant and wildlife populations which influence the vegetation and the soil and the water and so forth. It's all TxDOT's done a wonderful job in other connected. cities. And also, we're considering making a lot of pedestrian crossings, which is absolutely wonderful. I'd also like TxDOT to consider wildlife-friendly crossings in any areas of open space and natural habitat to allow for the safe passage of our wildlife, especially deer.

And, let's see, that's about all I have. I just wanted to say I think all the other issues are really important too. I just would like for El Paso to catch up to the rest of the world in being ecologically

sensitive and to consider the region, the health of the region, the health of the environment, and health of the people when planning because now's the time to do that in the early stages. Thank you.

MR. MARCUS: Thank you.

Mr. Contreras.

MR. CONTRERAS: Yes. Gentlemen, welcome to El Paso, and I hope you have a good time. You've heard everybody talk. You know, it's -- for all reasons there is much-needed help from Austin that we need here. The people of El Paso have always had a good agenda, going into growing, you know, jobwise and so on, transportation growth and everything.

The fact is this: We, the people of El Paso, have an agenda, but yet the government has an agenda of its own. They don't listen to us. We got people going up to city hall every day. We're always talking about growing and doing things better, and we can't even communicate with Austin or with any other city. All the cities around town have their own agendas.

If we combine to get everything together -the security right now in the United States is the most
important thing, and we haven't been able to talk on
good terms with the director of homeland security. In

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1 other words, we can build a road all the way across 2 Texas with the federal government and so on and the wall 3 would have been built. There's no communications whatsoever anymore, any aspect of government with the 4 people. We have a bunch of problems: Drugs, 05:52:57 5 unemployment, the economy, gas, and we're fighting for 6 7 all of them. It's time our government starts putting its 8 9 hats on, in other words, and -- you know, so many of you guys come to listen to us, come November, you might not 05:53:16 10 make it back to your -- you know, to your decisions and 11 12 we get cut off right away, in other words, because we 13 don't know who to go to. It's the same case scenario. I've been 14 here since 1955. I crossed the river when I was -- in 05:53:31 15 16 1955. I was nine years old. I have served my country, and I've done what I have to. The fact is this: 17 18 think we need to come together as a nation and we need 19 your help. You're the guys that are leading, so lead. 05:53:55 20 Thank you.

MR. MARCUS: Thank you. That was the last signed-up speaker that I have. Is there anyone else that I missed in the room that still wants to say something? If not, let me -- let me thank everybody here who took time to testify today. And if you would

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           still like to address this committee and have your
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           remarks entered into the record, you may do so by
       3
           e-mailing your comments to
           2030committee@dot.state.tx.us.
       4
                         And in case any of you are interested, our
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           next public hearings are scheduled for next Thursday,
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       7
           August 14th, in Houston, August 21st in Dallas,
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           September 4th in Corpus Christi, and we have a tentative
           hearing date that has been set for Amarillo on
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           September 18th. Thank you very much. This hearing's
      11
           adjourned.
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                        (Hearing adjourned at 5:54 p.m.)
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4	County of El Paso)
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11	Given under my hand and seal of office on
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